THE

# LOVE of GOD

TO ALL

### MANKIND

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Glorious work of the Redemption

BY

## Jesus Christ our Lord,

Afferted and vindicated by the boly Scriptures, shewing that we are not under the Law of Works, but under the Terms and Tenour of Grace.

For by Grace are ye saved, through Faith; and not of your selves: It is the Gift of God, Not of works, less any Man should beast. Eph. 8. 8. 9.

The free gift came upon all Men unto justifica-

By G. G. Student in the Holy Scriptures.

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# READI

Do assure thee, in the words of a Christ ian, that it is not profit that I expect for my pains, but rather the contrary; I by Experience find Persons are too apt to be offended with Truth, and plainness, and many mens Spirits are so exasperated a-gainst such as hold forth the Grace of God to all, which is the subject of this Book that if it were in their Powers, they would convince it with Fire and Faggot; fo distastful are the fayings or writings, of those that would take their Diana, that is, their felfconceit from them, and when they cannot ward off the downright stroke of Truth they will then fet themselves to censure, Slight, and revile those that speak Truth; but great is Truth, and will prevail in spight of the sharp Tongues and Iron teeth of those that oppose it. And Reader I have not pen'd this fmall piece with any intent to quarrel with any fet of Religion, because

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cause I do not know, what some of them do mean, neither am I a Scholar of such a piercing Wit, as some Men count themselves to be, and I cannot exspect to know what they mean, because some of themselves do not know.

But I have Writ it, for the benefit of those poor deprayed, dejected, and necessificated People, which are almost swallow'd up in a troubled Condition, and brought near to the brink of despair.

And for the setting forth of that rich and amazing Grace, Goodness, and Love of Almighty God to all Mankind, in his Glorious work of their Redemption, by our Lord Jesus Christ, since these points of Scripture have been in my mind, and upon my Spirits, and I have discoursed them with my sellow Creatures, and had thought to have Pen'd them; I have met with such hindrances through the Arguments of some men, and through the meaness of my own srail Nature, that I had almost resolved to discourse no more about it, peither to have pen'd any thing of it.

But something came again into my Mind, and upon my Spirits, concerning the sour

Leprous

Leprous Men, that fate at the entring in of the gate of Samaria; and they faid one to another, we do not well, this day is a day of good Tydings, and if we hold our Peace, if we tarry till morning light, some mischief will come upon us; now therefore come that we may go and tell the Kings Houfhold. 2 Kings Chap. 7, ver 3. 9 och

Now Reader feeing good Tydings are dangerous to be conceal'd, and thele are good Tydings to the necessitated and who is not necessitated) I will make bold to prefent to your view, some of these Scriptures which were upon my Spirits, and the meaning of them hath not been shewed to me by

any of the Preachers.

And fince, I have talked with some eminent Men about this point, and they think

they are infallible Truths.

The first place, I shall mention, is in the Mistery of St. Paul. Rom. 11. beginning at the 25 ver. and fo on to the End of the Chapter. For I would not brethren, that ye should be Ignoraut of this Mistery, lest you should be wife in your own conceits that blindness in parc is happened to I frael untill the fulness of the Gentiles be come in

and so all Israel shall be faved. For this is my Covenant unto them, when I shall take away their fins, v. 32: God hath concluded them all in unbelief, that he might have

mercy upon all.

The Second place, I shall mention to you is the first of Tim. Chap. 2. read the first w. And there you will find the Apostle Pauls exhortation to his Son Timothy: I exhort therefore that first of all, Supplications, and Prayers, Intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all Men: and he gives his reason for it, in the 3. and 4. v. for this is good and acceptable in the sight of God our Saviour, who will have all Men to be saved, and come to the knowledge of the Truth: And in the 6 v. who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time.

The Third place I shall mention to you s Heb. Chap. 2 ver. 9. But we see Jesus who was made a little lower than the Angels, for the suffering of death, Crown'd with Glory and Honour, that he by the Grace of God,

might tast Death for every Man.

Rom. 5. 18. Therefore as by the offence of one, Judgement came upon all Men to condemnation; even so by the Righteous-

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#### Tothe Reader.

ness of one, the free gift came upon all men unto Justification of Life, read the Chapter wholy. I might mention many more Texts to you but it is no matter, for you will find

them in the following Treatife.

And Reader, there was another point that had like to have staid me from penning because I was not a Scholar of that piercing knowledge, as some count themselves, and by that means could not find out all the texts of Scripture, that were requisite to make up this Truth, but it came into my Mind, and upon my Spirits, how it was in our Saviours days, that the Jewish Rabbies and Scribes, and Pharisees, and Priests, had not the knowledge of this Mistery, as the Apostle makes mention of, but those points were revealed to Men, that had not much Learning, and though my Capacity is but mean, I have begun as followeth.

For the more manifesting, or managing those Truths, there are some most vile in all Mens Eyes, and some are so in their own Eyes; but some have their Paintings to shroud their vileness under, yet they are Naked, and open to the Eyes of him with whom we have to do, and for all this God

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hath fent a Saviour Jelus, and to all these the Door is opened: wherefore give this little Book the Reading. come; pardon and a part in Heaven and Glory cannot be hurtful to thee: let nor thy lust and folly drive thee beyond the Door of Mercy; fince it is not Lock'd, nor Bolted up against thee; Manasse was a bad Man, and Magdalen a bad Woman; to fay nothing of the Thief upon the Cross, or the Murtherers of Christ, yer they obtained Mercy, Christ willingly received them: And doest thou think that those, once so bad, now they are in Heaven, do repent there, because they left their fins for Christ when they were in the World; I cannot believe but thou thinkest they have verily got the best on'r. Why finner, do thou likewise pray to Almighty God, that he will give thee Grace, and Strength, to leave thy Sins, and that you may put your whole trust in him, and then you need not fear.

Now Reader I will keep you no longer

out, begin as followeth.

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# LOVE of GOD To all Mankind.

OD hath chosen Poor and dispised Men and Tradesmen, to be Ministers of the Gospel, 1 Cor. 1. 19. For it is written I will destroy the wisdom of the wise, and will bring to nothing the understanding of the Frudent. v. 27. 28. 29. But God hath chosen the soolish things of the World, to consound the wite; and God hath chosen the weak things of the World to consound the things which are Mighty. And the Base things of the world and things which are depised, hath God chosen, yea and things which are not, to bring to nought things that are; that no Flesh should glory in his presence.

The Atributes of God mings

Are, first his Wisdom, secondly his Justice, thirdly his Power, fourthly his Mercy.

First his Wisdom is known by confond-

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ing the Wisdom of the world in the Misteries of the Scriptures: Secondly, his Justice is manifested by ordering in the Law of Moses equal Punishment for sins: Thirdly, his Power is known by the punishing of sins, and setting forth his wonders as in Egypt for example: Fourthly, his Mercy is known by dying for sinners, and saving all Men.

His Wisdom, 1 Cor. 1. 26. for you fee your calling Brethren, how that not many wife Men after the Flesh, not many Mighty, not many Noble are called: ver. 27. But God hath chosen the foolish things of the World to confound the Wise; and God hath chosen the weak things of the World to confound the things which are Mighty: ver. 28. And Base things of the World, and things which are dispised hath God chosen, yea, and things which are not, to bring to nought things that are, ver. 29. That no Flesh should glory in his presence.

Secondly his Justice, Exo. 21. v. 12. he that smiteth a Man so that he dye, shall be surely put to death, ver. 24. Eye for Eye, Tooth for Tooth, Hand for Hand, Foot for Foot; and throughout Exodus and Deutero-nomy.

Thirdly

Thirdly, his Power, Exo. Chap 8, 9, 10. and on, concerning the Plagues of Egypt.

Fourthly, his Mercy, Rom. 11 v. 25. 26. 27. for I would not Brethren, that you should be ignorant of this Mystery, lest ye should be wife in your own conceits, that Blindness in part is happened to Israel, untill the sulness of the Gentiles be come in, so all Israel shall be saved, as it is written, there shall come out of Sion the deliverer, and shall turn away the ungodliness from Jacob, for this is my Covenant unto them, when I shall take away their sins.

As concerning the Gospel, they are enemies for your sakes; but as touching the
Election, they are beloved for the Fathers
sake, for the Gists and calling of God, are
without Repentance, for as ye in times past
have not believed God, ye now have obtained Mercy through their unbelief; even
so have these also, now not believed God,
that through your Mercy, they also may
obtain Mercy, v. 32. for God hath concluded them all in unbelief, that he might

The Apostle cryeth out, as astonished with this wonderful Wisdom of God when

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he findeth Mercy is to all Men, and all faved, as he declares to us in the next four verses; O the depth of the riches both of the Wisdom, and Knowledge of God, how untearchable are his Judgements, and his ways past finding out. For who hath known the mind of the Lord, or who hath been his Counsellour; or who hath given first to him, and it shall be recompensed to him again, for of him, and through him, and to him, are all things, to whom be Glory for ever Amen.

Now look in the 1 Tim. 2 Chap. 3, 4. v. there you will find these words; for this is good and acceptable in the sight of God our Saviour who will have all Men to be saved, and to come unto the knowledge of the Truth, and in the Sixt v. of the same Chap. who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time. Read in Hosea about Ephraim, and other Scriptures about the promises, and all saved. Gal. 3. v. 8. And the Scripture foreseeing that God would justifie the Heathen through Faith Preached before the Gospel unto Abraham, saving, in thee shall all Nations be blessed v. 18. For if the inheritance be of the Law, it is

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no more of promise, but God, gave it freely to Abraham by promiss 1 Tim. 2 Chap. to v. 8. Gen. 28. 14. And thy feed shall be as the dust of the Earth, and thou shalt spread abroad to the West, and to the East, and to the North, and to the South; and in thee and thy Seed, shall all the Families of the Earth be Bleffed: This was made without any Condition on our parts, and the Salvation of unbelieving and finful Ifrael, shews it in Rom. 11 v. 25 for I would not Brethren, that ye should be ignorant of this Mystery, lest you should be wife in your own conceits; that blindness in part is hap. pened to Israel, untill the fulness of the Gentiles be come in; v. 26. and fo shall all Israel be faved, as it written, there shall come out of Sion, the deliverer, and shall turn away the ungodliness from Jacob; for this is my Covenant unto them, when I shall take away their Sins; Eze. 16. Sodom and Samaria, and Jerusalem Haish 40. 1, 2. Jerusatem provoked Ephraim, throughout Hofea; in fere. 31. 1. I will be the God of all the Families of Ifrael, and they shall be my People: Unbelief doth not hinder it as appears in the 2 Tim. 4. v. 6. Rom 11. 25. 26. where the ene-

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enemies of the Gospel, and elected and beloved, Isa. 40. 1, 2. Comfort given for fins committed, which cannot be taken in any other fence, because in that was it said, the

iniquity of Jerusalem is pardoned.

You find in Hofea that Ephraim was Idolators, Whoremongers, Lyers, Proud, and provoked exceedingly, in fo much, that he threatned to be unto them as a Bear that is bereaved of her whelps, and will rent the Caul of their heart Hof. 13.8. yet for all this mention'd in Jeremiah, I will be the God of all the Families of Israel, and in Jer. 21. 20. Ephraim is my dear Son,a pleatant Child, for fince I spoke against him, I do earnestly remember him still, therefore my bowels are troubled, for I will furely have mercy on him, faith the Lord. See worm Jacob; Isa. 41. 14. fear not thou worm Jacob, and ye men of Israel; I will help thee faith the Lord, and thy Redeemer the holy one of Ifrael; Rom. 14.8. Whether we live, we live unto the Lord, or whether we die, we die unto the Lord, whether we live or die, we are the Lords, joyn Ha. 40. 12. v. and the fentence, with Rom. 11. 32. with the 2 Tim. 2. 3, 4. Who hath meafured

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ed the Water, in the hollow of his hand, and meeted out Heaven with a span; and Comprehended the dust of the Earth in a measure, and weighed the Mountains in scales, and the hills in a ballance.

Who hath Directed the Spirit of the Lord, or who being his Counsellor hath taught him; with whom took he Counsel, and who instructed and taught him in the path of Judgement, and taught him knowledge, and shewed to him the way of understanding.

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2. rBehold the Nations are as a drop of a Bucket, and are counted as the small dust of the ballance, behold he taketh up the Isls, as a very small thing; and Lebanon, is not sufficient to burn, neither the beasts sufficient for a burnt offering, all Nations are before him as nothing, and they are counted to him, less than nothing, and vanity.

Rom. 11. 32. For God hath concluded them all in unbelief, that he might have Mercy upon all: This verse is joyned with the verses in Jeremiah, which are before it, and now joyn them and this with the 1 Tim. Chap. 2. v. 3, 4. For this is good and acceptable in the fight of God, our Saviour, who

will have all men to be faved, and come to

the knowledge of the Truth.

Now joyn these three places together, and then you may see Gods Power, and Conclusion, and will, and you see his Power is sufficient; and the Scriptures declare, that God will have all to be saved, and the gain-sayers cannot hinder it.

But we see Jesus Crowned with Glory, and honour, which was made a little inferiour, to the Angels, through the sufferings of Death, that by Gods Grace, he might tast

Death, for every Man.

There be three Rules for Uniting the Scriptures in sence, one with another, first that the Children of the Flesh, and the Children of the Promise, are the same Perfons: Prove but the Salvation of all Men, and the Children of the Flesh, and the Children of the Flesh, and the Children of the Promiss are the same Persons, i Car. 15. 22. for as in Adam all died, so even in Christ shall all be made alive.

i Tim. 2. v. 3, 4. For this is good and acceptable in the fight of God our Saviour, Who will have all Men to be faved and come to the knowledge of the Truth.

Rom. 5, 18 Therefore as by the offence

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of one, Judgement came upon all Men to Condemnation, even so by the Righteousness of one, the Free gift came upon all Men

unto Justification of Life.

Acts 3. 21. Whom the Heaven must receive, untill the times of Restitution of all things, which God hath spoken by the mouth of all his Holy Prophets, since the world began. Gen. 28. 14. And thy Seed shall be as the dust of the Earth; and thou shalt Spread abroad to the West, and to the East, and to the North, and to the South; and in thee and thy Seed, shall all the Families of the Earth be Blessed,

know we no Man after the Flesh, yea, though we have known Christ after the Flesh, yet now henceforth, know we him no more.

2. Notwithstanding the plainess of the aforegoing Texts; I do consess that by Faith in Jesus Christ alone, even the just ought to hope for Eternal Life, as is plain from that of Gal. 3. 11. The just shall live by Faith:

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And I humbly conceive that the fense of that Text is; That the Justest of Men can. not pretend to claim the Eternal Life as a reward of his Justice, but that Eternal Life and Faith are freely given to the just. yet this must not be yet understood, as if eternal Life might not be freely given by our Great God to Millions that are uncapable of Justice and Faith too. Else what shall become of fuch as know little of Justice, as we define it, and nothing at all of Faith, las having not to this day once heard of the Name of Jefus, Of the Infants of either Infidels or Christians, that are not capable of Reason or Faith, who can presume to judge peremptorily? That they shall not partake of that infinite Mercy, whose extent no Man's imagination can reach, is a hard faying : fince it is faid, every good and perfect gift cometh from above, and cometh down from the Father of Lights. And the free Gift came upon all Men unto justification of Life. James. 1. 17. Rom. 5. 18. for without me you can do nothing, John 15. 5.

How far that part of Heb. 8.11. For all shall know him, from the least to the greatest

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of them: for I will be merciful to their unrighteoufness, and will remember their fins and iniquities no more, may reach such as I have mentioned before, I will leave to the Judgment of Divines. As also that of Ezek. 31. 12, 13, 14. Thus faith the Lord God, Behold O my People, I will open your Graves, and cause you to come out of your Graves, and bring you into the Laud of Israel, and ye shall know that I am the Lord: When I have opened your Graves, O my People! and brought you up out of your Graves, and shall put my Spirit in you, and ye Shall live, and I hall place you in your own Land; then ye hall know that I the Lord have spoken it, and performed it, saith the Lord.

Of the Scriptures as all acknowledge, some are Historical, some Prophetical, some Metaphorical, and expressed in other Figures, and some so Mystical that I dare not pretend to explain them clearly; because to you it is given to know he Mysteries of the Kingdom of Heaven meaning the Apostles) but to them it is not given. Matt. 13. 11. But without Paables spake he not unto them Mar. 4. 14.

Thirdly, That the Scripture speaks by

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the way of Manifestation, as if we had free will when we have it not, whereby he confounds the Wisdom of the World, neither wishing Men to be good, nor commanding Men to be good, nor punishing Sin, nor threatning everlasting Fire, argues Free-will, either in Faith or good works.

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As for Example; O that Ifrael had harkened unto me. Ifa. 48. 18. Whereas there is no Command in Scripture, but the contrary evil shall be, nor laying the blame nor charging of us to be the Cause of our own destruction. O Israel thou hast destroyed thy self. Hos. 13. 9. So Phareah hardned his heart, but could not avoid it.

Everlasting Fire is threatned against uncharitableness; as in the parable of the Goats and Sheep. But who hath been more uncharitable to Christs Friends, than blind Zealous Israel; yet the enemies of the Gospel, and elected, and beloved Rom. 11. and all saved. Rom. 9. So all Men are saved by a free Gift and Grace.

Christ wept on Jerusalen, and saith, O Jeru-

Jerusalem, Jerusalem, thou that killest the Prophets; and how would I have gathered you as a hen gathereth her chickens, and ye would not. Luke 13. 34. Christ would not, at that time give them Faith, then they would not have Crucisied him, and they would not be gathered because they could not.

Now there are positive Scriptures against free will, the ways of Man are not in himself, it is not in Man. Jere. 10. 23. Jer. 13. 23. Can the Ethiopian change his Skin, or the Leopard his Spots. This custom of Sin is charged upon all Israel, O Israel thou hast destroyed thy self; and who is not accustomed to fin.

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If the Prophet be deceived, I the Lord have deceived that Prophet, and I will cut him off Ezek. 14. 9. The whole verse runs thus. And if the Prophet be deceived, when he hath spoken a thing, I the Lord have deceived that Prophet, and I will stretch out my hand upon him, and will destroy him from the midst of my People Israel.

Objection.

When the Scripture faith all Men, it

means only such as believe, and good Men that have Faith.

Anfwer.

Rom. 11. 28. As concerning the Gospel they are enemies for you sakes, but as touching the Election, they are beloved, for the Fathers sake: Now for sinners, among them, such as die in unbelief, and are enemies to the Gospel, are the greatest sinners, yet these Jews were conceited to be righteous, above others, their Zeal was real to God, but not according to knowledge, the same are many such now.

Objection.

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If all men be taved, it will make the World as wicked as the Devil, and corrupt nature can make it.

Answer.

What Consequence Men draw from the Scripture, proves them not to be false, this Objection shews by answering there is a God. Where God gives his Grace they will Love him the more for his mercies sake, which is our reasonable service. Rom. 12. 1. therefore it is Grace that makes Men good, and the want of Grace that makes Men evil, Demas for want of Grace, Loved this present world,

world, and for sook Paul; if I do not allow all Men to be saved, I allow then of Free-will, then I have more reason to be angry, and revenge the injuries of my Neighbours; therefore the doctrine of free will, may be made a means of uncharitableness, the doctrine of free will and Hell fire, is often a means for men to despair, and destroy themselves; which the Doctrine of Salvation to all Men cannot be made a means of. They who want Grace, neither if you preach Hell fire to them, or the Salvation of all Men, it fignifies nothing.

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Objection.

The Power of God which bringeth Salvation, hath appear'd to all Men.

Ansmer.

It doth appear outwardly, but not inwardly to all Men, for the Jews have not Faith,
neither can they have it, untill the fulness of
the Gentiles be come in, as it is written,
blindness in part is happened to Israel, till
the fulness of the Gentiles be come in. Rom.
11. 25.

Objection:

All Men may have Faith if they feels after it.

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Answer.

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If you are fure of your Salvation and shew it by your works, of Love and Charity, you may thank God for it, but the Jews cannot have it.

Objection.

Salvation cannot be to all Men because it is said in Rom. 9. 13. as it is written, Jacob have I Loved, and Esau have I hated, and this was done before they were born, the one Elected to Eternal Life; and the other reprobated to Eternal Death, and this at the meer will and pleasure of God.

Answer.

I know it is concluded from this Text that Esau was damned, but this is but men's rashness, and Presumtion, there is not the least Syllable, in the word of God that I know of, for Persons to ground such belief, or whence to draw such a dreadful Conclusion, that Esau should be damned Eternally; Love and Hatred may in this Text, be with respect to temporal Blessings; so Esau may be said to be hated, and Jacob Loved because to Jacob was given the Fruitful Land of Canada, and to Esau the barren Country of Mount Seare;

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Seare; or Love and Hatred may be with respect to Christ, the promised seed; so Jacob was separated or sanctify'd to be the fore father of Christ, according to the Flesh, and Esan rejected, and so was but a common and prophane Person: now this was one end of Circumcision, to distinguish the Family of whom Christ should be Born, and to keep that People, of whom the Messia was to come, unmixt from the Idolatrous Nation; now Esau very justly lost his Blesfing, for felling his Birth-right at fo base a price, for Esan being the Elder, of right the Bleffing did belong to him, but he undervaluing of it fold it to his Brother: So that now the Bleffing as well as the Birth-right was his Brothers; and so after Isaac had Bleffed Jacob, Esau could by no means cause his Father to repent, or revers his Bleffing, though he fought it carefully with Tears. Heb. 12.17. but faid Gen. 27.33. I have Bleffed him and he shall be Bleffed; he could not call it again, yet this rejection, as to his being the Person from whom the Messia should come, or with respect to temporal Bleffings, gives no one ground to aver that he was reprobated.

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In respect to the Salvation of his Soul, of this word might be spoken with regard to what they would do in time, God certainly knew what Esau would do in time, and thereby might shew what would in time be done to him, or rather with respect to the works of the Flesh, and the Spirit, Esau being the type of the one, and Jacob of the other; so the works of the Spirit, are pleasing to God, and always beloved of him, and so the works of the Flesh are abominable to him; so these two may be but types, as Sarah is said to be of the Gospel, and Agar of the Law, and Jacob and Isbmael types of the Second Covenant. Gal. 4.20 to 31.

Besides it were plain, that it is not Jacob and Esau personally to be understood in this Text, but two distinct Nations or People which should proceed from them, as may appear if you Read Gen. 25. 23. Rebecca being with Child, and finding a strange strug ling in her Womb, went to inquire of the Lord, and received this Answer, Nations are in thy Womb, and two manner of People shall be separated from thy bowels, and the Elder shall serve the younger, and one People shall be stronger than the other People

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ple; you see the Lord, did not tell this good and Godly Mother, that one of those she went withall should be damn'd to all Eternity; but speaks of them as two Heads of two Nations: for we do not find these words the Elder shall serve the younger, ever fulfilled in Facob and Esau personally, where do you find that Efau was subservient to Jacob, but rather the contrary, Jacob calling Esau Lord; for this Text speaks not of fingle Persons, but of Nations, and the Love and Hatred, there spoken is National, as you may fee by comparing this verfe with Obadiah, and Psa. 44. 4. where the Edomies are called Esau, and the Jews Jacob, and the cause why the Lord hated the Posterity of Efau, was for their wickedness, and enmity against the Israelites the seed of facob. v. I. to v- 12. and to Mal. 1. v. 2, 3, 4. I Loved Jacob and hated Esau, and laid his Mountains wast; but this could not be before Esau was Born, or had Mountains to lay waft, that so it could not be here a personal hatred; for it is plain that what is here faid, is upon a National account, now for the better understanding this. Rom. 9. we must take notice, what was the mainthing the Apostle was

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In respect to the Salvation of his Soul, or this word might be spoken with regard to what they would do in time, God certainly knew what Esau would do in time, and thereby might shew what would in time be done to him, or rather with respect to the works of the Flesh, and the Spirit, Esau being the type of the one, and Jacob of the or ther; so the works of the Spirit, are pleasing to God, and always beloved of him, and so the works of the Flesh are abominable to him; so these two may be but types, as Sarah is said to be of the Gospel, and Agar of the Law, and Jacob and Ishmael types of the Second Covenant. Gal. 4. 20- to 31.

Besides it were plain, that it is not Jacob and Esau personally to be understood in this Text, but two distinct Nations or People which should proceed from them, as may appear if you Read Gen. 25. 23. Rebecca being with Child, and finding a strange strug ling in her Womb, went to inquire of the Lord, and received this Answer, Nations are in thy Womb, and two manner of People shall be separated from thy bowels, and the Elder shall serve the younger, and one People shall be stronger than the other People

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ple; you see the Lord, did not tell this good and Godly Mother, that one of those she went withall should be damn'd to all Eternity; but speaks of them as two Heads of two Nations: for we do not find these words the Elder shall serve the younger, ever fulfilled in Jacob and Elau personally, where do you find that Esau was subservient to Jacob, but rather the contrary, Jacob calling Esau Lord; for this Text speaks not of fingle Persons, but of Nations, and the Love and Hatred, there spoken is National, as you may fee by comparing this verfe with Obadiah, and Psa. 44. 4. where the Edomirs are called Esau, and the Jews Jacob, and the cause why the Lord hated the Posterity of Efau, was for their wickedness, and enmity against the Israelites the seed of Jacob. v. I. to v- 12. and to Mal. 1. v. 2, 3, 4. I Loved Jacob and hated Esau, and laid his Mountains wast; but this could not be before Esau was Born, or had Mountains to lay waft, that so it could not be here a personal hatred; for it is plain that what is here said, is upon a National account, now for the better understanding this. Rom. 9. we must take notice, what was the mainthing the Apostle was

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was carrying on; now the main thing he was upon, was to maintain absolute and perfonal Election, and reprobation: this was not the way to convince the Jews of their fins, in rejecting and Crucifiing the Lord of Life and Glory; and their flighting the Gofpel, for this would have been the establishing of them in their errour, of being the only elect People in the World, because Abrahams seed, to whom the promise was first made; and therefore their state safe enough, though they did not believe in Christ. Mr. Lovedan page 224, it is known for a truth that there was no People under Heaven, more cordially principled in Personal Election, than they They took all but themselves to be reprobated, and forbad the Gospel to be preached to the Gentiles, that they might be faved 1. Thei. 2. 16. The Jews the Elder Brother could not bear to see the kindness Thewed by their Father to the Prodigal, Luk, 15. nay Peter himself greatly questioned his Lawfulness of going to preach to the Gen-tiles, till convinced of it, by a Vision from Heaven. Acts. 10. and when Peter came to Jerusalem, they contended with him about his

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his going, and conversing with the Gentiles Acts. 11. 1, 2. Yea and for some time after the Death of Stephen, many Preached the word of God, to none but the Jews only; it appears that notwithstanding Christ had given a Commission to Preach the Gospel to the whole world, yet they were ignorant of the calling of the Gentiles to partake of Mercy through Christ: Now if the Jews had understood that personal Election, and reprobation had been the thing Paul was about to prove, they never would have quarelled with him about it; for they believed, that if any People in the world was beloved of God, it must needs be themselves; for they above all others were chosen to be a peculiar People, and beloved for their Fathers fake, and unto them pertained the adoption, and the Glory, and the Covenant. But this was not the point, but the great controverly betwixt Paul and the Jewilb Rabbies, was about the Term of Justification, whether by the Law, or by Faith, or on what account the finners might be justified, and faved; and was the Person of whom the Bleffing belonged: Now the Apostles business is to assert and maintain Justification

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tion and Salvation to come by Christ alone, without the works of the Law, and that were an absolute necessity in believing in Chrift, where God hath afforded means, by the Jews, as well as the Gentiles, which will appear if you look in Rom. 9. 30. Ephe. 2. 9. He shews that a Man is not justified by the works of the Law, but by Faith; and this proves from the Example of Abraham. who was not justified himself by works, but by Faith and though the Jews boasted much of their being Abrahams feed, yet he tells them, Abrahams feed was many, one by Agur, and one by Sarab, now if the promife was made to Abrahams Natural feed, then Isomael, as well as Isaac, and Esau as well as facob, had inherited the promise, but the promis was not made to feeds, which feed was those that believed, and walked in the steps of Abraham Rom. 4. 12. These whether Jews or Gentiles, were truly and only to be the reputed Children of Abraham Gal. 3. 7. and heirs of the promise: So that it is neither Birth, nor works, was preferred by God, nor any thing should be challenged by Birth or works, but only through Paith in Christ, and so the Elder lerve the younger,

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er, that is the Jews, the Elder which feek Salvation by the works of the Law, or according to the Flesh, shall not have it, but the Gentiles the Younger who seek Salvation by the free Grace of God, through Faith in Christ, shall have it Rom. 9. 33. So that this Text proves not what you or some bring it for; neither doch it prove reprobation, neither can you fairly understand it of such a Love, or Hatred as to prove either Persons or Parties, are saved or damned; much less doth it prove that God hates any Personally considering as they are sinners in Adam.

Theil words oforthe Objection not recessioned as

But faith the Scriptures Christ came not to be Ministered unto, but to Minister and to give his Life aransom for many. Surely be that gave his Life aransom for many, shed his Blood for many; Did not die for all more been notificed as a sure of the second post of the second post

vosm a mine Anfiber is a to an and

What would you have these Scriptures prove, I grant, Christ died for many, for his Church, for his Elect, for his Saints, and Sheep, yet it doth not prove, that he died or mone else; that it is contrary to Scrip-

ture

ture, Reason and Sense, for no Scripture faith, that he died for none but fuch; and I may as well prove, from Gal. 2. 20. that Christ lov'd only Sr. Paul, because he faith that Christ Loved him, as you can prove from this Text, that Christ died only for proved got what you

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do go anna i Objection.

If Christ had died for all, he would have prayed for all, Joh 17. 9. you have thefe words, I Pray for them, I Pray not for the World, some take this place, as if Christ had faid, I am so far from dying for Adams Posterity, that I will not so much as Pray as Mediatour for any, but those thou hast But mith he Scriptures Charles aminavig

to be Ministered uranifakt to Akaifer and Could it be proved that Christ did not Pray for all, because no Scripture faith, Christ did not die for those he did not Fray for: see Scripture Redemption freed from re-Araint Page 75, and Doct. Holmes in many things, yet upon John 3. Page 15 lays, when Men urge that Argument out of Joh. 17. 9. Christ Prayed not for the World; therefore he Prayed not for the World, the enoone elie, that it is contrary to Scrip-

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consequence may be accepted, upon many good reasons, for though Christ did not fray for the World, yet he might pay for he World.

First, Paying is giving fatisfaction, Pray-

ng solicites God's Mercy.

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Secondly, Praying containeth a Preparaion of the Plaister necessary for Mans Salvation: Praying is the means of applying

he remedy to the Malady.

Thirdly, Paying satisfaction belongs to the ommon Nature of Man, which Christ assumeth, Praying a special Priviledge vouchased to such Persons only as the Father ath given to his Son: Thus you see one of the antient Writers against you in this.

But what if Christ did not Pray for the world in this 9th v. doth it therefore follow hat he did not pray for the World at all? Christ being just now taking his leave of the world, and about to be taken from his aithfull and true followers, and to leave hem as Sheep amongst wolves, doth therepre most earnestly, recommend them to is Father, and from v, 6. to v. 19. makes pention of his Disciples only, and then v.

20. 21. Prays for all those that should be lieve on him, through their words; and v. 21. 23. Prays for all the world, that they might have belief and knowledge of him Christ made Intercussion for Transgrussors, Ifa. 53. 12. and Prayed for his enumies: for those that crucified him, that they might be forgiven. Luk. 23. 34. And also com manded us to pray for our enemies, for them that perseque us. Mat. 5. 44. the for the World Christ Prayed as is evi dent.

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It is to be observed that the first Sermo which the Apostles Preached after the A cention of Christ, was preached to the very worst of sinners, even to those the were murtherers of Jefus Chrift. Atts. 23. For this is part of the Sermon ; ye too him and by wicked Hands have crucifie and, flain him; yea, the next Sermon, and fo the next to that, Preached to the felf fam murtherers, to the and that they might b faved. Act s: 3. 14, 15, 16. Chap 4. To. Cha 3. 30. Bur I will return to the first Se mon, which was Preached to these Jerus Les finners, by which will be manifelt me than great Grace, if it be duely confidered 1 16

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for after that Peter and the rest of the A. postles had in their Exhortations perswaded these wretches to believe, that they had killed the Prince of Life, and after they had duy fallen under the guilt of the murther, fayng Men and Brethren, what shall we do ro be faved; he replies by a universal tenderrefs to them all in general, confidering them sChrifts killers, that if they were forry for what they had done, and would be baptized or remission of their fins in his name, they hould receive the gift of the Holy Ghoft, Acts. 2. 38. This he faid unto them all, hough he knew they were fuch finners, ea, he faid unto them, without the least ha ique or stop, or pause of Spirit; as whereir e had best say fo or no; nay fo far was Peter, rom making an objection against one of ifie hem, that by a particular case in his Exda ortation, he endeavours that not one of fam nem may escape their Salvation; repent, it b ys he, and be baptized every one of you. Cha That out never a one of you, for I am ommanded by my Lord, to deal with you it were one by one, by the word of his alvation, but truly speaks he so particuered rly, and there was reason for it; the People ple with whom the Apostles-were now to deal, as they were murtherers of our Lord, and to be charged in general with his Blood, so they had their various and particular Acts of villany in the guilt thereof, now being upon their Conscience; and the guilt of these their various and particular Acts of Wickedness could not perhaps be Preached to a removeal thereof, by this particular application repent every one of you in his name so the remission of sins, and you shall every one of you receive the Gift of the Holy Ghost. Objection.

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But I was one of them that did bear fall Witness against him, is there Grace so me?

Peter answers, every one of you.

Objection.

I was one that cryed out, Crucifie him Crucifie him, and defired that Barrabas th murtherer might live, rather than he, wha will become of me?

Peter Answers, I am to Preach Repertance and Remission of fins to every one you.

Objection.

But I was one of them that did spit in h

Face when he ftood be ore his accusers; I alo was one that mocked him when he hanged on the Tree, is there room for me? Peter Answers, for every one of you.

Objection.

But I was one of them, in his Extreamity, that faid, give him Gall and Vinegar to drink; why may not I expect the fame, when anguish, and guilt is upon me?

Peter Answers, Repent of this wickedness, and there is Remission of sins for e-

very one of you.

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Objection.

But I railed at him, and reviled him, and hated him, I rejoyced to see him mocked by others; can there be hopes for me?

Peter, Answers, there is for every one of you; Repent and be Baptized every one of you, in the Name of Jesus Christ, for the Remission of Sins, and ye shall re-

ceive the Gift of the Holy Ghoft.

What a bleffed, every one of you, is here, how willing was Peter, and the Lord Jesus by his Ministers to catch the murderers with the word of the Gospel, that they might be made monuments of the Grace of God; how unwilling (I say,) was he,

that any of their should escape the liands of his mercy, what unamazing wonder is it, to think above all the World, and above every body in it, their should have the first offer of Mercy, and be saved?

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inso charac Objection one as I 108

There are some that hold, where it is said, that Christ died for all the World, it is meant of the Elect, or some part of all.

Answer. ... Answer.

Grant that the word World fignifieth fome part of the World, but where do you find the Elect called the World, in opposition to those that are enemies and stangers unto God, but it is rather part of the World.

Reconciliation signifieth a making those friends that were before at variance a now how can it be said, that God was in Christ reconciling to himself those, with whom he is not, nor ever was Offended, nay, he was so far from being Offended with them, that he Loved them, with such a Love, that he did absolutely purpose form the Fall, which was long before the coming of Christ in the Flesh, to confer eternal Life upon them. Besides the Apostle is not there speaking

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peaking of any inward act of God, upon he Souls of Persons, whereby they are brought to believe in Christ, whereby they come to witness their Peace with God, being justified by Faith. We have Peace with God, but he is there speaking of the Tenor of the Gospel, the word of reconciliation which was committed to him, and whereof he was a Minister, and cells them, that God was in Christ, reconciling the World to himself, the quarrel began in Adam: Sin was that which fer God, and Marrat variance, Isa. 49. 1. But now the Lord being minded to take whole Adam into Grace and Favour, and to a univerfal Covenant of Peace, was pleafed to appear in Christ, that those that were frangers and a far off, might be made near, yea, the Sons of God, and I will give Scripture, that is far from such Objections. It is 1 John 2.2. he is a propitiation for our Sins, and not for ours only, but for the Sins of the whole World; Here you plainly fee that Christ is a propination for the whole World, therefore must needs die for all : Now these words were spoken to strengthen then the Faith of those that through the subtilty of Satan, and prevailing Temptations were fallen or should sfall into Sin, and thereby raife doubts in their Spirits, whether Christidied for them, or was a propitiation for their Sins or not : now the Apostle, to remove all doubts, and fears out of their minds, tells them not, that he did die for some sew particular Men only, which might have augmented their fears, but was a propitiation for the Sins of the whole World, now this will greatly add to the comfort, and put new life into a forrowful Soul, tempted and cast down, under the sense of Sin, thinking that Jesus Christ is a propitiation for their Sins, being the propitiation for the Sins of the whole World. But pray tell me what it could add to the comfort of those to whom John wrote this Epiftle, who were weak in Faith, to tell them, that Christ was a Propitiation for the Sins of all his Elect ones, for fome few particular Men; but a great many, yea, the far greater Number shall have no part with Christ, but shall be Damned. Stort allow the stort

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Would not such Doctrine rather augment the fear, than the comfort? would not they be ready to by, ah!! then!I fear I am none of those, that Christ is a Propitiation for? Therefore the Apostle puts the matter out of all doubt by telling, that Christ's Death became a Propitiation, or made a full Attonement for the Sins of all Men, without excepting fo much as one Person in the whole World. That Christ died for all, I prove, from, 1 Tim. 2. 6. Who gave himself a Ransom for all, to be Testified in due time; if you look back to the context of this Verse, you will find Paul exhorting his Son Timothy, that Prayers and Supplications shall be made for all Men, tells him, that so to do was good, and acceptable in the fight of God, to Pray for all, he lays this down for his ground, that God will have all Men to be Saved, and for a farther confideration, this is the will of God, that all Men without exception, shall be Saved: he gives this Reason for it, that Christ Jesus gave himself a Ransom for all, the Apostle argues, if one died for all, then were all dead, but one died for all, therefore all are dead;

dead; the thing, that the Apostle is about to prove, is, that all Men were dead, and the medium to prove it is, that one died for all, fo that if it is clear, that all Men were dead by the fall of the first Adam, it must be clear, that Life was given to all by the Death of the second Adam, for if Christ died for none but the Elect, then the Elect only were dead, for the Word all must fignifie as many in the minor, as it doth in the major, or else the Apostle's reasoning would be fallacious, and so Rom. 11. 32. God hath concluded all in unbe. In lief, that he may have Mercy upon all; no now if this all belongs to none but the Elect, then none but the Elect were concluded in unbelief; but it is All without ex ception, that were first or last concluded in unbelief, therefore the Mercies were mean to All without exception, and are to All.

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Objection.

Where it is faid, that Christ died for th whole World, by the World may b understood the Elect, dispersed up an down the World.

anfwer. If by the World we must needs underfand the Elect only, then will the parael, between Moses lifting up the Serpent n the Wilderness, and likewise Christ's being lifted upon the Cross, run very ame, for Mofes did not lift up the Serpent, with an intent that none should look upon t, and receive healing by it, fave a small parcel, but that whofoever was flung night look upon it, and should receive healng thereby, Nam. 21. 8. Now you will fold that all without exception are flung with Sin, will you not? In the state of third

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Very well, then unless Christ be listed up with an intent that every Man should be ealed and faved by him, he could not be aid to be lifted up, for the Salvation and enefit of all those that were stung with bin; as Moses lifted up the Serpent in the an Vilderness, for the benefit of all that were rung with the fiery Serpent; thus you may see that by the World must be meant

meant the whole lumpiof Mankind, and those that do take it otherwise, eclip's the Mercy, hove, and goodness of God to all his Creatures.

Dearly and in by one publick Person, so Life and Salvation came in by another publick Person, and that the Lord Jesus will infallibly justifie and save us all, for whom he undertook, and Died as their

Head and Representative.

But some will not own, that the Grace of Christ did profit Mankind as much as the fin of Adam damnified; no, they make Christ less then Adam, and that Adam, did more to the damning of the Souls and bodies of all his Posterity, than Christ did for the faving of them, if fo, what will become of Pauls glorying in the Grace of God by Christ, as much more abounding? Rom. 5. 15. for if through the offence of one, many be dead, much more the Grace of God, and the gift by Grace, which is by one man Jesus Christ hath abounded unto many : but now, if many more Millions of Men, are dead through the offence of Adam, than are made

made alive by the Grace of God in Christ,

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Now some run upon a fundamental mistake, about personal and absolute Election. and Reprobation; they make Adam's fin the foundation of Building their fearful opinion upon; that Men suffer eternal Damnation for Adams fin, this is a most sad Doctrine, that God should lay Men under a necessity of being born under the guilt of that fin. which was out of their Power to help or withfland; for Men gan no more help Adams fin, than they could help being Born, and yet for that cast away the greatest part of Mankind for ever; we have a Scripture promise to the contray in the 1450Pfalm. v. 8. 9. the Lord is gracious, and Merciful, flow to anger and of great Mercy; the Lord is good to all, and his Mercys are over all his Works. See The and mid drive

It cannot be proved, that, that death which was threatned unto Adam, is buildife-beyed God, was Damnation to Holling or not? or whether he had not immediately gone to the dust from whence he was taken; it is no better than sinful curiosity, to to be cosident in such unrevealed matters;

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farther than the Scripture guids us, and where the Holy Ghost hath not a pen to Write, let us not have a Tongue to Speak, God hath revealed enough to make us wife to Salvation; yet this I say, whatsoever state Adam was in, there was all Mankind with him; there was a time, if Brernity may be so called, when all Men considered as in God, where nothing but God himself, according to that Maxime, whatsoever is in God is God: all Men had a being in God, before they had a being in Adam, Lake y. v. 38. Where Adam is called the Son of God.

secondly, There was a time, when Adam, and so all Men in him, was Righteons and Holy, as during his state of pure Innocencie, in which state all Men must needs partake of the same Holine's and integrity

with him Gen. 12. 15. 22. 20011

Thirdly, There was a time when Adam with Eve his wife, being beguiled by Satan free from all inward or outward necessity, finned against God; by which transgression they became liable to Eternal death, and so his Judgement, Will, and Affections, came

to be corrupted, in which state all Mankind stood; and so Original sin is come upon all and death by sin, yea upon those that have not sinned after the Similarde of Adam's

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Fourthly, There was a time, when God who is rich in Mercy, of his free Grace. Ifa. 43.25. Fer. 31. 3. Hof. 14. 4 Rom. 5. 8. 9. Joh. A. 10. did enter into a Covenant of Grace, with Adam and all Mankind in him in the promised seed. Gen. 3. 15. in which he took all Men to Grace and Havour Hor furely we were as much in Adam when he was reftored, as when he fell; and as much partakers of his Mercy from God, as we were of his fin, and I suppose you will not fay, but God pardoned the fin of Adam upon the account of Christ, and if he pandoned him, who freely afted it, in his own Person do you think he will fend others to Hell for it? God Morbidw which was Mile in it.

would have fun: noisseid them, the wen

How then must Justice be fatisfied.

The Scripture declares to us, that it was by Christ.

He Poor was made, that he our debts might Pay,
He Baje became, to take out shame away.
He Entred Bond, our freedom to procure;
He Dangers myed, our safties to assure.
He Scorned was, our Honour to advance;
He Seem da Fool, to help our Ignorance.
He Sin was made, our Errors to conceal,
He Wounded was, that he our Minds might heal:
He Thiysted, that our Thirst might have an end,
He Wept, that Joy our Sorrow might attend;
He lost his Blood, that we our Blood might save,
He ded that we, Eternal Life might have.

Here is the Lamb of God, that hath taken away the damning guilt of Adam's fin, and gave himself a ransom for all Men, and tasted Death for every Man. 1 Tim. 2.66. Heb. 21 93 1000 guilt has all add to ever

ing but God pard goits gid un

But all Men have not the Gospel Preached to them, nor the same light and means, to know the Lord; and surely if Christ died for all Men, for the whole World; he would have sent amongst them, the word of Life, and removed out of the way all things, which he knew. would have hindred their Salvation; therefore it cannot be thought but all those Nations which the Gospel is not sent to; are left by the Lord

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in the fall, and referved for eternal punish-

the place of bon Anfwer.

As it was in Paul's time, fo it is now, the Jews prided themselves against the Gentiles, as being the only Elect People, and the Gentiles, but Reprobates, and cast away, and fo do too many at this Day by the Nations, which have not the Gofpel light: and many of our Nation, as I have heard too often, to my great grief, even Damn them by whole-fale; looking upon them little better then Devils. what though the Lord, according to his manifold Wildom, pleased to vouchsafe a greater sufficiency of means to know the Lord, according to his manifold Wildom, and to know what God hath done for them, and by the Gofpel reveals those Things; which otherways, in an ordinary way, could be known to one Nation, or Age, and Generation of Men, more than another; yet knowing, and by daily experience finding God to be Infinite in Goodness and Mercy : Neither you, nor I, can but believe, that he hath ffectually provided for their Salvation, as the well as ours, though the ordinary means ord

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is wanting, as at this Day, in many Parts of the World; for though Faith is not begot in them by Preaching and Hearing as with us, at this Day, God hath many ways to instruct and communicate his Will to Man, Job. 33. yea, to reveal Christ in fuch a manner and way, as may be available: for Jelus Chrift, who took Man's Nature upon him, and who hath taken away their original Guilt, and who hath enlightened every Man that cometh into the World, may by the opperation of his Spirit, how, and when he pleaseth help them to improve their fingle Talent of Reason, and the light set up in their Conscience, which may so perfect, what is wanting of their ordinary means, that many thousands, according to our Saviours Words, shall come from the East, and the West, and shall six down with Abraham, Isac, and Jacob, in the Kingdom of Heaven, where the Children of the Visible Kingdonjor Church, who judge themselve the fole Inheritors of it, and all the rest but cast-aways, are the same Persons, i you look in Pfa. 87. you may fee the The state of the state of the

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that had their Natural Birth in Rahab, Tyrus, Ethiopia, Palestina, Babylon shall be counted as Born in the spiritual Sion, or Church of God, and though the Lord in his Wisdom and Mercy, is pleased to vouchfafe a greater measure of Grace, light and knowledge, and Salvation into us, than to them, yet hath not God left himself without witness; all the common providence of God, being to direct Men to feek the Lord, Rom, 2. 14. 15. we Read that the Gentiles, which have not the Law, do by Nature the Things contained in the Law, and that Law, that was given in two Tables of Stone, was that, which was purely moral, and imprinted in their Hearts, namely that God is to be Worffined, that Parents should be Honoured, and in a word, to do all, as they would be done to; these were Duties in the very book of Nature, though they have not the evangeical Law in the Preaching of the Gospel, as we have become a Law to themselves, by observing the distates of that Light. iving up to a true informed Conscience, ind to that Law, that warreth against the ebellious Luits in their Members, have D 2

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gradually so prevailed with them, as to bring them to a good measure of conformity to the will of God, and have quite outdone many Christians in their practices.

Objections.

All infants are under a sentence of Condemnation and eternal Damnation by the Power of original Sin, only such Infants as are Elected, and have the principle of Grace insused in them, shall be Saved, and so all cannot be Saved.

Anfwer.

All Infants through the Grace of God in our Lord Jefus Christ, are discharged from the condemning Power of Original Sin, and they having no actual Sin, it is not the Infirmity of their Nature, shall Damn any neither can it, I hope, enter into the Heart of a Christian, to believe that God should Create any Infants, on purpose to Damn them, and though it be, that Original Sin is come upon Infants, and death by Sin yet this is all true, that Original Sin was not committed against the Covenant of Grace; and seeing that ye cannot prove that any Infant hath Sinned against the Covenant of Grace, they cannot come into Con-

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Condemnation of Hell fire torments; and what is become of that gracious Speech, of Almighty God, in Pfs. 145. his tender Mercies are over all his Works; furely Damned Infants, have no share in his Mercies, no not fo much as a Toad, by a thousand degrees; and thus by your Doctrine you Preach many millions of poor harmless Souls to Hell: or by your Arguments would argue them thisber, which is not well done, for you have no grounds for it in Scripture, but to the contrary. Rom. 5. 14. for Infants, by the Presentments of the Satisfaction of Christ, are and shall be Saved, for the free Gift cometh upon all, v. 18. There might be everal Sheets of Paper written to the Vindication of this Point; but I hope this is nough to fatisfy any charitable Christian. John 3. 17. God fent not his Son, into the World, to condemn the World, but that he World through him, might be Saved, n which words the end of his coming is was t o OV t down, not to condemn the World, but Co hat the World through him might be Sayinto d, and therefore very fully, the like Con Speech Speech we have in John 12.47, I came not to judge the World, but to Save the World, this negation joyned with the affirmation, shews that the Salvation of all Men, was the only end of Christ's coming, the end exclusively, no other, end was properly intended by it, but this, the Son of Man came to Seek and Save that which was lost, Luke 19.10. therefore he came to Save every Man, for every Man was lost, Las 3.26. first unto you hath God raised up his Son Jesus, and him he hath sent to Bless you, in turning every one of you from your Iniquities.

Notwithstanding the Almighty Lord God, of his great goodness and infinite Mercy, was pleased to Save our Souls, by the Merits of Jesus Christ, his only Son, and our Lord; we must consider, that we were not Redeemed to Sin, but from Sin; for we read in the Holy Scriptures, that the Lord was always displeased with Sin, it was Sin that set our first Parents, and Almighty God at variance, by their Disobedience, in not doing their Duty, in keeping of his Commands, so they soft their Posession

fion of that blessed Paradise, and died natural Death, by reason of their Transessions.

It was Sin that fet God Almighty, and e old World at variance, so they were owned all, but Noch and his Family.

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And we Read it was Sin, that set God mighty, and his own peculiar People at riance in Moses his Days, and in the Time the Law, they suffered severely for it, you may Read at large, if you please to the Bible in your Hands: it is Sin it set Almighty God and us Christians variance, in these our Gospel Days, and rasioned these unhappy differences in ints of Religion, which is a very difference.

You may Read in the 1 Sam. 3. 13. for I we told him, that I will judge his House ever, for the iniquity that he knows, ause his Sons made themselves Vile, and I he restrained them not; Read in the Ch, of the first of Sam, beginning at the v. and so on, where you will Read of wickedness of old Elies Sons, and in 4 Ch. you will find, how Ely and his

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Sons

Sons were cut off, for the negled of their Duty, and the Ark was taken.

Let your Light to Shine before Men that

they may see your good works, and glorisie your Father which is in Heaven, Mat. 5. 16. this in thefirst sence, may be taken as spoken to Ministers, that they should give good Exhortations, and good examples in their Lives and Practices, in doing Charity, in re-

lieving the Poor and necessitated.

Secondly, To the hearers, that they Love one another, and shew Charity to the Poor and necessitated, according to their abilities: If you read in the 1 Sam. 2. 3, 4 there you will find, what became of old E. by and his Sons, for want of doing their duties in their Priests Office; there you will find their miserable destruction, and the Ark of God taken away from them, and they that came were destroyed in the Battle.

Ministers, you that have neglected your duties as they did, Lament with melting, Hearts; least the wrath of God, and vengeance overtake you as it did them, and your hearers be destroyed with you, and this good

good Gospel Light put out, which is as precious to us as the Ark was to them.

And you Hearers, if you have neglected your duries towards God, or towards your Neighbours, and have not followed the Commands in Scripture, which is called the Golden Rule, for to do to all Men, as yo would they should do to you, and to Love God, with all your Hearts, with all your Mind, with all your Strength; remember there is another Text of Scripture, that faith this, what measure ye meet, it shall be measured to you again; break off your Sins, and lament with bleeding Hearts, before the wrath of God and vengance overtakes you.

Now Parents, do not you do to your Children, as Ely did to his Sons, faying, I heard a bad Report of you; but if your Sons or Daughters be not Dutiful to you, let not only telling them be sufficient, but restrain them, by moderate Correction, for fear the wrath of God and Vengeance, over-

take you, as it did him.

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Now Children, be you not Undutiful to your Parents, least the wrath of God, and Vengeance overtake you, as it did Ehrs Sons.

Now hear are sweet Promises, to the invitation of you dear Christians, for to do the best of our endeavours. 1 Cor. 2. 9. The Eye never aw, the Ear never heard, neither can it enter nto the Heart of Man, to conceive what there is laid up for those that love God, and those that continue in lading almighty God with Thanks and Praise, for their Redemption, by our Saviour Jesus Christ, shall have a Crown of Glory set on their Heads, not a Crown like one of these Princes here on Earth, which will melt away, and come to nothing, but it is Crown of Life, which remains for ever, Rev. 2: 10. fairh Paul, that eminent Apostle, having a fight of these excellent things, which were laid up for us, defired to know nothing but Christ Jesus, and him Crucified, 1 Cor. 2. 2. Gal. 6. 14. God forbid that I should Glory, save in the Crofs of our Lord Jefus Christ. Wo

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They that make conscience of keeping the Sabbath, truly are not far from being True Christians; therefore let all of us, beg of Almighty God, that he will be pleased to give us Grace, that we may keep the Sabbath, according to his Commands, and not that resting from our Labours, and taking rest as the Cattel de, will be sufficient, but we must do our Duties, in his Service, to the best of our

power.

For there is no master upon Earth can reward or pay his Servants, as he will reward and nd pay us, if we do our Duties, and serve im as we ought to do, therefore let us rise arly that Day, and call our Family up, Serants, if there be any, and set them to do hose business, that cannot be avoided, as are alled the works of Mercy, the Feeding and poking after our Cattel, that they may be ready be go to their Service, and to do their Duty, which belongs to God in the publick Worship uly, will be sufficient, - but we must keep the abbath, truly all the Day long, in Praying and leading the word of God.

We must do our Duties, as they are our reaphable service, although God was pleased to
a covenant with his own People,
and said, I will put my Spirit within you, and
e shall be my People, and I will be your God,
at thus saith the Lord God, I will yet for this
e inquired of, by the House of Israel, Eze. 36.
7. 28. 37. Although we cannot merit Heaen, by what we can do, yet we must wait
ith humble submission, and do the best of our

ideavours through God's grace.

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For there are many mansions in Heaven, our aviour Christ, told his Disciples, and St. Paulalleth us, there are differences in Glory, as ne Star different from another Star in Glory, and they that do their Duties the best, when ur Saviour comes to Judge the World, and eward every one according to his Works, then e will place them according to his good pleasures in the best degrees of Glory.

For the Law was given by Moses, but Grace and Truth came by Jesus Christ, Joh. 1. 17. and we find that Christ was the end of the Law to every one that believeth, mentioned in Rom. now from this it is allow'd that the threatning was against the Law, and none kept the Law: therefore all were guilty as concerning the Law, and all the threatning, which we read of, is against the Law and our fins; our Saviour Christ fatisfied his Fathers Justice, which otherwise would have been inflicted upon us; so it is a Truth, that no man upon the Earth can fave himfelf, nor no man that ever was or shall be; for our Saviour hath fatisfied for the breach of the Law, and for our transgressions; and hath and will make good all the promises. Rom. 3. 10. 11.12. As it is written, there is none righteous, no, not one; there is none that understandeth, there is none that seeketh God, they are all gone out of the way, they have been altogether unprofitable, there is none that doth good, no not one; therefore by Grace we are faved through Faith and not of our selves, for it is the gift of God and the free gift came upon all. Rom, 9.18. It is allowed, by the divines of all fides, that when we have done the best we can, we are unprofitable Servants, and cannot fave our felves; but we must close with our blessed Jesus Christ, for our Salvation, notwithstanding we are to do our duties, by the Grace of God, as much as in us lieth, although we cannot merit by them, nor FOE יו פשפת ביו ויין ביו אונו

what we do, we must do them as our reasonable Service, and do them with as much Zeal towards the Glory of the Lord, as in us lieth, that is, in returning thanks for all these good things and great Mercies we enjoy, and the inestimable Love of God, for our Redemption, by our Lord Jesus Christ.

Note, There are two fides I think fadly mistaken about their Doctrine, the one is the Papish the other are those that hold some sew particular Persons to be faved, and Damn the Rest by

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The Papist make a huge bussel to Pray them out of Purgatary, and the other make as bigg a buffel to put them in, because they hold reprobation beyond its proper fense, which neither of them know any thing of what they are about, because the Scripture makes no mention of Pargarry; but the contrary, for the wife man laith, Eccl. 12. 7. then shall the dust return to the Earth as it was; and the Spirit Mall return into God which gave it. The Papift make mention of another part of Hell, which they call Lymbo, and they fay, our Saviour Christ descended this ther, to free the Holy Fathers which were there, and they fay, there is another part which is indeed Hell; and some hold it is the grave; and ome hold it is a bad conscience, and it is said n Deur. 32. 24. that they should burn with hunger, and confume with Heat, and bitter detruction; and Jonah when he was in the Fishes be-

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ly said, out of the Body of Hell cried land the Lon heard me. Some hold it is a figurative speech threatned against uncharitableness. Let us be Charitable to the Poor to the best of our abilities, and look up to Jesus Christ with a futrust of his Merits, with repenting Hearts, an shun all manner of sin, as much as possibly we can; and I trust in God, we shall all of us be de livered from it, through the good Grace of God

There is a Comparison concerning Moses life ing up the serpent in the Wilderness, and on Saviours being lifted up, all those that wer stung with the siery serpent, were to look up the serpent that was upon the Pole, and the should be healed: And we all of us are stunwith sin, and we must look up to Jesus Chris

and we shall be healed and faved:

Now whatever difficulties happen to us points of Religion, being there is so many Opinions, and so many forts of them, in what straights, or dangers soever we are in, letter Pray to God, that he will give us Grace, to prour whole trust in him, and look up to Jest Christ his only Son, for our salvation, and bear off from our sins, with repenting Hearts and Love one another, and shew Charity to the necessitated; or else whatever we do, will significant nothing. Read, 1 Cm. 13. And if the Lord can ble us, and we do but so, we need not fear and thing; no, not satan, nor Hell, no Wicked men, for they cannot go beyond God Limits.

## PENDIX

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HE intent of the aforegoing small Piece, is not encourage Men toSin, by making too bold with God, in hes or raprejumption, that he will befrow his Grace upin all, at all and places, except they fludy and endeavour to be the true aren of God and Grace, For I know that we were not rede inbut from Sic, as aforelaid according to St. Paul, Rom 6. hat shall we say then, shall we continue to Sin, that Grace may 1? God forbid. Fifeph, the Servant of God knew God was this and merciful, but we u'd net impose on his gracious God. o's not fay I will Sip, Gold is mercifu', he will forgive me; the contrary; how can I do this great wickedness, and So God, Gen 32.3. In immitation of whoa, when we lare po en imquier, let us fay; hi w can we do any fuch thing Sin against such Light and Love, and such amazing Graces as I would have none prefume too much in hopes of obcaine hat free Grace, neither would I have great Singers despair, e Mary Mandalen is almost in plain terms, procla med if himlely, to have received more than St Poter in the Para of the two Debtors. Luke 7: 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47. For he Sins that were forgiven to her, were greater then & fo did the Love more, even before the Rem flion of his Sine publickly pronounced as appers by the many zealous a chops. ich she exercised in serving the Lord, transcending the Duof even Peter himself, by Christs own Testimony in the ce above cired.

rom this one instance of Mary Megdalen, (to omit all others) it apprent that the Love of God, which includes all Grace, may hand in those that are deem if to be the Vilest Sinners, and therefore the world may be sensible of their Repentance; for the very time, that our Savour declared her a Saint other did se her for a Sinner, is may be instead along with a her things, in the questian, a 49 init, who is this that for giveth sins a sold I would have no Man to hold or maintain Reproduction beyond Properlience. That God absolutely Reproducted any before he de them, or fir more before the Foundation of the World less the greatest part of Mankind in the fall of Adim made them on purpose to damp them. The holding any of ith cours, I suppose to he perticious, and to sland opposite the Goodness, and Merc, and Love of God towards his poor

Creature Creature

Appendix.

Creatures for hew can any Man allow that our solat Gold all Good he, all Mercy, and all Love, and in the mean the charge his with such Decrees. Ordinances, and Actions, and teature which imagine to have the least confistence who will the World think of an Eearthly King who we had hand his Son to fight against his Enemies on pain of defined at the same time, tye up his Arms, lock him in, and le him no Power to move to one side or other; and after a will there and Behead him, because he observed not his Company. Would we not cry out with one voice, O sahus Moody, and Merciless Tyrant! Sure we would.

Hands, after his own Image, being so. Is it to be dreamed he has obliged us under Pain of Eternal Damnation to fight gainst the Devil, the World and the Blesh, and at the same may, from eternity before had so decreed our ends as well

Lians, that we could neither than one or other, in this or world to come. From having such a thought of my God, Of Mercy deliver me. No more but one word out of St. P.

Epifie to the Rom. 15. 13. 14.

Now the God of hope fill you with all joy, and peace in lieving, that ye may abound in hope, through the power the Holy Choft, and I my felf also am perlwaded of you brethren, that ye also are full of goodness, filled with all and ledge, able also to ladmonish one another. And I wish we might follow the Religion, which St. Fames discribes, Jam. 1. 27. Property Religion, and undefiled before God, and the Father is this. Wish the Fatherless and Widdows in their affiliation; and to be himself unspotted from the World. For whereas the Traspeaks it, and Jesus our Lord, of whom is our Religion, wheth the Primary End of his coming unto the World they ting of the Poor and Sick, as this place sheweth; and the Pohet in plain words. Now for the oppression of the acedy, lighs of the Poor. I will arise saith the Lord and set at library whom the wicked hath snared Psalm. 12.

If this small Treatife were rightly understood, it would leave no refor Dispair or Presumption, and it would beat down Self senceit, through God's bleffing would be a means to reconcile our unhancements, in Points of Religion.

FINIS.